## Checklist

## Clandestine drug laboratory checklist for Environmental Health Officers (EHOs)

	Introduction	Yes	No	Comments
1	Property owner understands the property has been contaminated due to the activities of a clandestine drug laboratory, and will be unsuitable for its purpose until successful remediation			
2	Public health Fact sheet " <u>A clandestine drug laboratory</u> was detected on my property – what happens now?" has been explained and given to property owner.			
3	Property owner understands who is a suitably qualified expert, their role and involvement in the remediation process of the property.			

	Surface contamination inside a building	Yes	No	Comments
	If surface contamination has been suspected or identified inside the building, the below points should guide and inform sampling. (more details can be seen in the National Guidelines <b>5.2.4</b> )			
1	Samples have been collected through wipe or swab within 100cm <sup>2</sup> areas of non-porous surfaces such as mirrors, bench tops, painted walls, and metal surfaces etc.			
2	A minimum of five samples have be taken inside the building			
3	Blanks have been taken at regular intervals. The number of blanks should equate to approximately 10 per cent of the total sample number			
4	Ensure areas that show evidence of contamination should be sampled			
5	Ensure surfaces used in the drug manufacturing process should be sampled. If those surfaces have been removed, an area as close as practicable to that area should be sampled			
6	Confirm that ventilation ducts (if present) closest to the area of drug manufacture have been sampled. In most circumstances a swab sample should be sufficient.			
7	Ensure rooms or areas inhabited by a child/ children less than 16 years of age are sampled at least once.			
8	No sample has been taken from areas behind furniture or appliances,			
9	No sample has been taken from surfaces that appear to have been recently cleaned			



	Checking for Volatile Organic Compounds If volatile organic compounds have been suspected or identified inside the building, the below points should guide and inform sampling, (more details can be seen in the National Guidelines <b>5.2.5</b> )	Yes	No	Comments
1	Ensure each room where a chemical process was thought to have taken place have been sampled			
2	Rooms where chemicals or equipment was thought to have been stored have been sampled.			
3	Each room where there is evidence of spillage or staining have been sampled			

	Wastewater contamination	Yes	No	Comments
1	Is there any evidence that the wastewater from the clandestine laboratory activity flows into a septic tank?			
2	Ensure all chambers of the septic tank are pumped out and the contents are taken to a wastewater processing facility.			
3	Ensure a minimum of one soil sample from the septic bed has been analysed.			

	Sampling soils, surface water and groundwater If sampling soils, groundwater, and surface waters, the below points should guide and inform sampling, (more details can be seen in the National Guidelines <b>5.2.7</b> )	Yes	No	Comments
1	Ensure any soil that shows evidence of contamination is sampled			
2	Ensure At least one sample is taken from the septic bed (tank) if present on the property			
3	If there is no evidence of contamination, at least two soil samples should be taken from the property, close to well-travelled paths.			

## Checklist

**Remediation Action Plans (RAPs)** are developed to address the issue of site contamination and remediation options and form a part of the contaminated site investigation process as required. This should document in detail all of the procedures and plans that will be implemented to reduce risks to acceptable levels as well as establish environmental safeguards to complete the remediation in an environmentally acceptable manner.

	Remediation Action Plans (RAPs) The preparation of a RAP for clandestine laboratory sites requires the following components be addressed, (more details can be seen in the National Guidelines 5.4)	Yes	No	Comments
1	Site information			
2	Site characterisation			
3	Remediation goal			
4	Extent of remediation required			
5	Remediation options/ hierarchy of remediation for structures			
6	Remediation options- environmental			
7	Building decontamination management plan			
8	Environmental Management Plan			
9	Proposed testing for validation			
10	Contingency plan for remediation failure			
11	Site Management Plans			

	Site validation	Yes	No	Comments
	Following remediation, a site must be 'validated' to ensure that the objectives stated in the RAP have been achieved. The details of the site validation are compiled and presented in a Validation Report, this should include			
1	A general inspection of the site to check for re-staining or odours			
2	Re-sampling of surfaces from which initial samples were taken			
3	Sampling of areas which are expected to have frequent contact e.g. Kitchens and bathrooms			
4	A combination of swab sampling and sampling for VOCs where required			
5	Post remediation sampling results which are within the scope of Investigation Levels (ILs) set out in Appendix 1 of the National Clandestine Drug Laboratory Remediation Guidelines			
6	If No has been ticked in the above point <b>5</b> , activate the contingency plan for remediation failure detailed in the Remediation Action Plans			

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For more information

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